

Management of Contaminated Sediments

A Superfund Perspective



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Background

- Congress requests National Research Council report on contaminated sediments
 - March 26, 2001 – A Risk-Management Strategy for PCB-Contaminated Sediments
 - 11 major recommendations
- Integrate into ongoing activities on contaminated sediments

Superfund Remedy Selection is Based On 9 Criteria

- Overall protection of human health and the environment
- Compliance with Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs)
- Long-term effectiveness and permanence
- Reduction of toxicity, mobility, or volume through treatment
- Short-term effectiveness
- Implementability
- Cost
- Community Acceptance
- State Acceptance

All sources should be controlled first



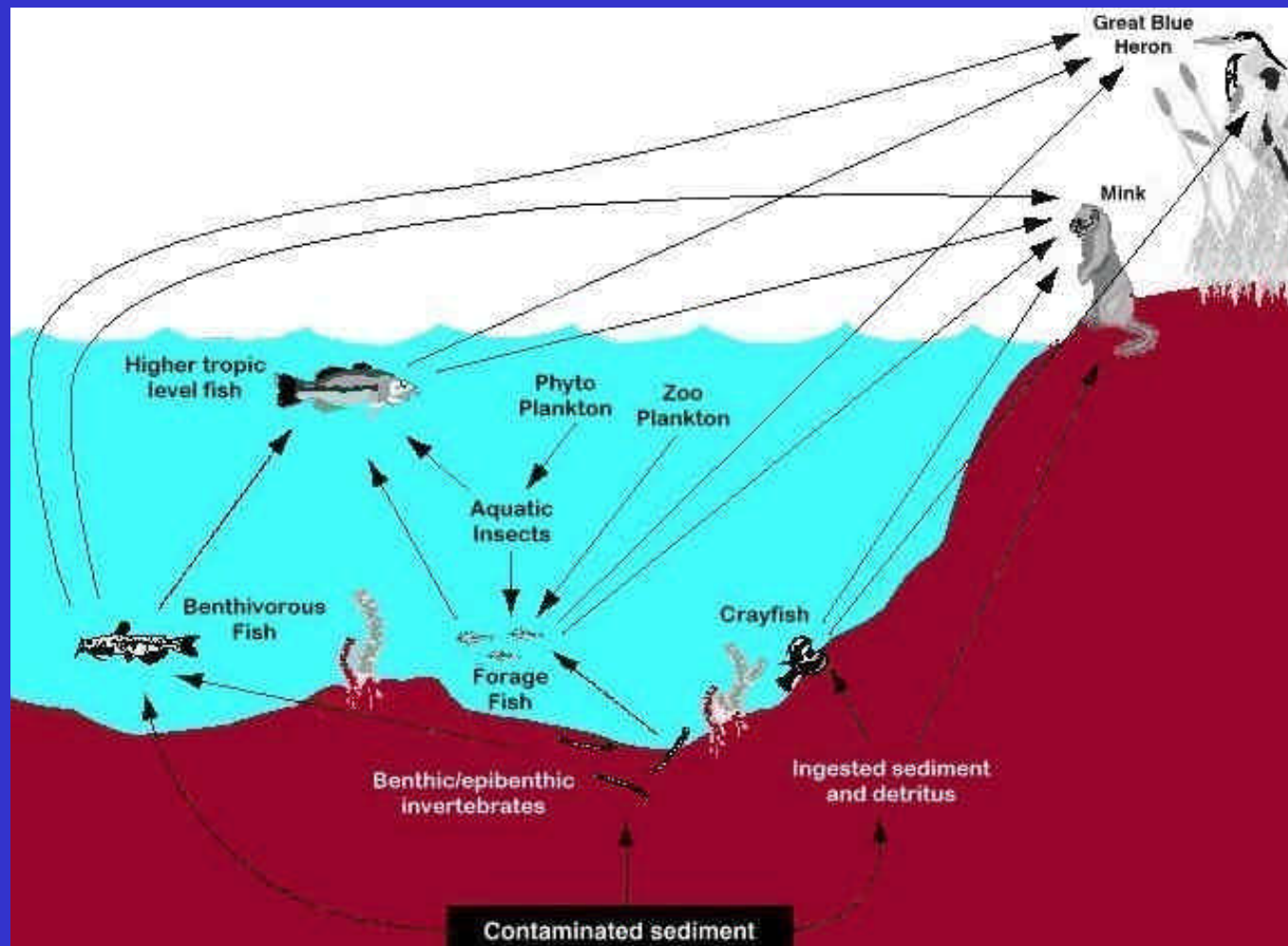
The public should be consulted
early and often



Coordination with states, tribes,
trustees, other EPA programs
should occur early and often

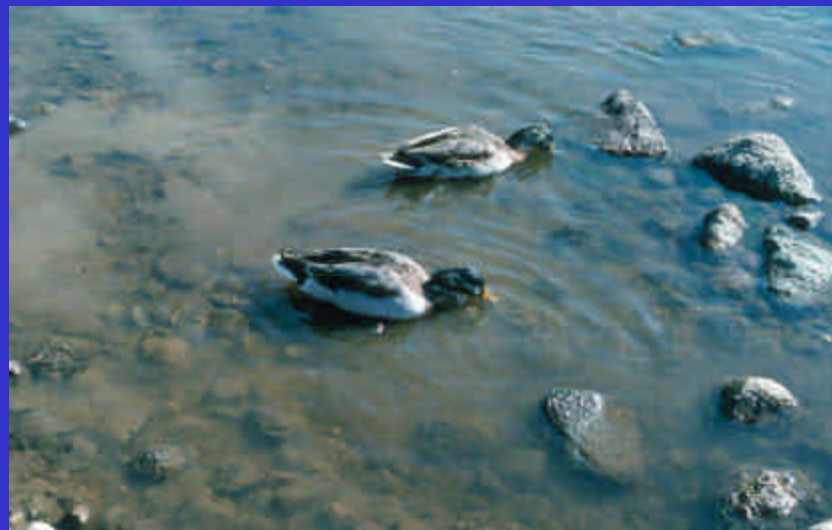


A complete Site Conceptual Model is critical



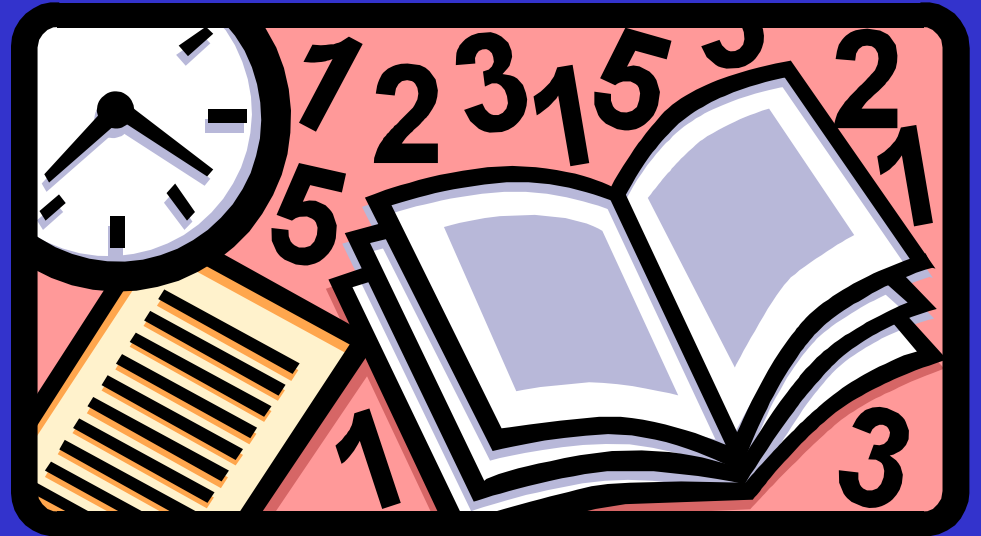


Understanding the effects of
disruptive forces on sediment
stability is very important



There should be no presumptive
remedy for contaminated
sediment sites.

Each sediment site is unique
and Superfund remedy
selection must be performed
on a site-specific basis.



When models are
used, their
assumptions and
uncertainties should
be evaluated



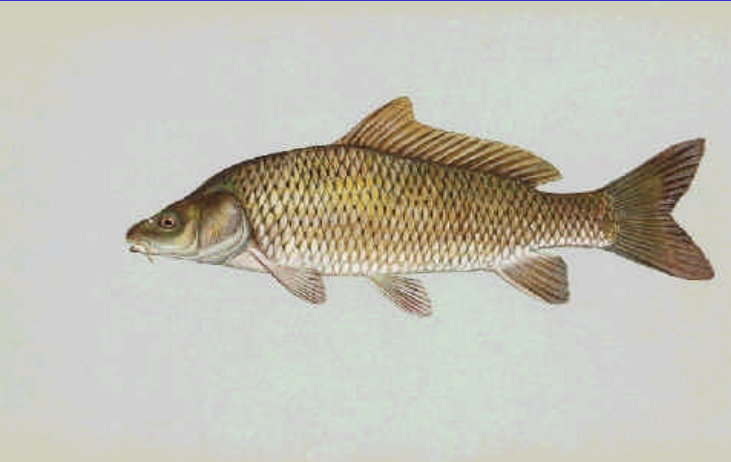
Fish consumption advisories may be only partially effective



Risk assessments should evaluate both short-term and long-term risks, within the context of the 9 NCP criteria

- Dredging and capping will disrupt habitats locally and may require significant construction projects
- Use of NMR may not provide short-term alleviation of threats
- The long-term benefits achieved by the removal of highly mobile PBTs from a sensitive and dynamic environment should be considered along with the short-term effects.

Cleanup levels should be clearly tied to the broader objectives for the site



Monitoring is necessary before, during, and after sediment remediation



Next Steps

- Over the next few days, we hope to receive your input on:
 - Key issues
 - Community Involvement
 - Risk Assessment
 - Site Characterization
 - Remedy Effectiveness
 - Risk Management Frameworks
 - Next steps for EPA

